The inevitability of linguistic change: The motivation of borrowing English terms by

Shona speakers

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Abstract

Europeans brought new concepts, ideas and technologies with them that had not existed before

colonialism in Zimbabwe. This led Shona and other indigenous languages (such as Ndebele,

Venda, Nambya, Kalanga) to absorb a substantial new vocabulary into their lexicons. Speakers

of these languages have been creating terms to cope with the new concepts through various

strategies. This article aims at studying the motivation of Shona speakers to prefer borrowed

words where both Shona and the English terms are available. Results of the research for this

study show that Shona speakers seem to prefer English loanwords owing to issues such as

prestige and elitism, shortness and precision, explicitness, expressiveness, currency of term,

gap-filling and language modernisation. In addition, an unfavourable language policy in

Zimbabwe helps to promote the use of English in all spheres of life, thereby undermining the

development of Shona. This study is qualitative in nature, and it adopts a descriptive approach

in analysing the data gathered through structured and oral interviews, questionnaires and

secondary sources. The major contribution of this study is the illustration of how borrowing

can be used to benefit the indigenous language development initiatives and to help language

policy planners in Zimbabwe.

Keywords: Linguistic change, Motivation, Borrowing, English, Shona speakers